U.S. Application No. 10/571,315

Attorney Docket No.: 029929-00025

## **AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

Please amend the claims as follows:

1-8. (Canceled)

9. (Currently Amended) A method for the preparation of metal nano-

particles comprising the steps of dissolving, in a non-polar solvent, one of an

organic metal compound of a fatty acid as set forth in claim 4, a metal complex of

an amine wherein the amine is an aliphatic amine having a linear or branched

structure or a mixture of the organic metal compound and the metal complex,

and adding a reducing agent to the resulting liquid in order to reduce the liquid to

thus give metal nano-particles,

additionally while adding the reducing agent introducing, into the liquid,

hydrogen gas, carbon monoxide gas, a hydrogen-containing gas or a carbon

monoxide-containing gas,

after the adding the reducing agent, adding deionized water to the liquid,

followed by stirring the resulting mixture and then allowing the mixture to stand

so that impurities present in the liquid are transferred to a polar solvent and that

the impurity concentration in the non-polar solvent is reduced.

10. (Canceled)

11. (Canceled)

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12. (Previously Presented) The method for the preparation of metal nano-

particles as set forth in claim 9, wherein the size of the metal nano-particles is not

less than 1 nm and not more than 100 nm.

13. (Currently Amended) A metal nano-particle-containing dispersion

characterized in that the The method for the preparation of metal nano-particles

as set forth in claim 9, further including the steps of dispersion is obtained by

concentrating the dispersion mixture containing the metal nano-particles

prepared according to the method as set forth in claim 9 and then re-dispersing

the metal nano-particles, to thus control a concentration thereof to a level of not

less than 5% by mass and not more than 90% by mass.

14-20. (Canceled)

21. (New) The method for the preparation of metal nano-particles as set forth

in claim 9, wherein the organic metal compound is adhered to the periphery of

each metal nano-particle as a dispersant, and

wherein the organic metal compound is an organic metal compound of a

fatty acid, a metal complex of an amine or a mixture of an organic metal

compound of a fatty acid and a metal complex of the amine.

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22. (New) The method for the preparation of metal nano-particles as set forth

in claim 21, wherein the fatty acid is at least one member selected from the group

consisting of C6 to C22 saturated fatty acids and unsaturated fatty acids, each

having a linear or branched structure.

23. (New) The method for the preparation of metal nano-particles as set forth

in claim 21, wherein the fatty acid is at least one fatty acid selected from the

group consisting of hexanoic acid, heptanoic acid, octanoic acid, nonanoic acid,

decanoic acid, undecanoic acid, dodecanoic acid, tetra-decanoic acid, eicosanoic

acid, docosanoic acid, 2-ethyl hexanoic acid, oleic acid, linoleic acid and linolenic

acid.

24. (New) The method for the preparation of metal nano-particles as set forth

in claim 21, wherein the amine is an aliphatic amine having a linear or branched

structure.

25. (New) The method for the preparation of metal nano-particles as set forth

in claim 24, wherein the amine is at least one member selected from the group

consisting of hexylamine, heptylamine, octylamine, decylamine, dodecylamine, 2-

ethyl-hexylamine, 1, 3-dimethyl-n-butylamine, 1-amino-undecane and 1-amino

tridecane.

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26. (New) A method for the preparation of a metallic wire or a metal film

comprising the steps of coating, onto the surface of a base material a dispersion

containing metal nano-particles prepared by dissolving, in a non-polar solvent, an

organic metal compound of a fatty acid wherein the fatty acid is at least one

member selected from the group consisting of C<sub>6</sub> to C<sub>22</sub> saturated fatty acids and

unsaturated fatty acids, each having a linear or branched structure, a metal

complex of an amine wherein the amine is an aliphatic amine having a linear or

branched structure or a mixture of the organic metal compound and the metal

complex, and adding a reducing agent to the resulting liquid in order to reduce

the liquid to thus give metal nano-particles,

additionally while adding the reducing agent introducing, into the liquid,

hydrogen gas, carbon monoxide gas, a hydrogen-containing gas or a carbon

monoxide-containing gas,

after the adding the reducing agent, adding deionized water to the liquid,

followed by stirring the resulting mixture and then allowing the mixture to stand

so that impurities present in the liquid are transferred to a polar solvent and that

the impurity concentration in the non-polar solvent is reduced.

27. (New) The method for the preparation of a metallic wire or a metal film as

set forth in claim 26, wherein the temperature of the firing step ranges from 140

to 300°.

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28. (New) A metallic wire prepared according to the method as set forth in

claim 26.

29. (New) A metal film prepared according to the method as set forth in claim

26.

30. (New) A method for the preparation of a metallic wire or a metal film

comprising the steps of coating, onto the surface of a base material, a dispersion

prepared by a method comprising the steps of dissolving, in a non-polar solvent,

one of an organic metal compound of a fatty acid wherein the fatty acid is at least

one member selected from the group consisting of C<sub>6</sub> to C<sub>22</sub> saturated fatty acids

and unsaturated fatty acids, each having a linear or branched structure, a metal

complex of an amine wherein the amine is an aliphatic amine having a linear or

branched structure or a mixture of the organic metal compound and the metal

complex, and adding a reducing agent to the resulting liquid in order to reduce

the liquid to thus give metal nano-particles and then re-dispersing the metal

nano-particles, to thus control a concentration thereof to a level of not less than

5% by mass and not more than 90% by mass.

additionally while adding the reducing agent introducing, into the liquid,

hydrogen gas, carbon monoxide gas, a hydrogen-containing gas or a carbon

monoxide-containing gas,

after the adding the reducing agent, adding deionized water to the liquid,

followed by stirring the resulting mixture and then allowing the mixture to stand

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so that impurities present in the liquid are transferred to a polar solvent and that

the impurity concentration in the non-polar solvent is reduced.

31. (New) The method for the preparation of a metallic wire or a metal film as

set forth in claim 30, wherein the temperature of the firing step ranges from 140

to 300°.

32. (New) A metallic wire prepared according to the method as set forth in

claim 30.

33. (New) A metal film prepared according to the method as set forth in claim

30.

34. (New) A method for the preparation of a metallic wire or a metal film

comprising the steps of coating, onto the surface of a base material, a metal

nano-particle-containing dispersion prepared by a method comprising the steps

of dissolving, in a non-polar solvent, one of an organic metal compound of a fatty

acid wherein the fatty acid is at least one member selected from the group

consisting of C<sub>6</sub> to C<sub>22</sub> saturated fatty acids and unsaturated fatty acids, each

having a linear or branched structure, a metal complex of an amine wherein the

amine is an aliphatic amine having a linear or branched structure or a mixture of

the organic metal compound and the metal complex, and adding a reducing

agent to the resulting liquid in order to reduce the liquid to thus give metal nano-

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particles and then again dispersing the metal nano-particles to thus give a

dispersion of metal nano-particles having a metal nano-particle concentration of

not less than 5% by mass and not more than 90% by mass, followed by drying

and then firing the coated layer of the dispersion to thus form a thin metallic wire

or a metal film having conductivity,

additionally while adding the reducing agent introducing, into the liquid,

hydrogen gas, carbon monoxide gas, a hydrogen-containing gas or a carbon

monoxide-containing gas,

after the adding the reducing agent, adding deionized water to the liquid,

followed by stirring the resulting mixture and then allowing the mixture to stand

so that impurities present in the liquid are transferred to a polar solvent and that

the impurity concentration in the non-polar solvent is reduced.

35. (New) The method for the preparation of a metallic wire or a metal film as

set forth in claim 34, wherein the temperature of the firing step ranges from 140

to 300°.

36. (New) A metallic wire prepared according to the method as set forth in

claim 34.

37. (New) A metal film prepared according to the method as set forth in claim

34.